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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/820,168	04/07/2004	Ronald F. Mathis	A-1911	7032
33197 7.	590 11/02/2004		EXAMINER	
STOUT, UXA, BUYAN & MULLINS LLP 4 VENTURE, SUITE 300			NGUYEN, LINH V	
IRVINE, CA			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2819	

DATE MAILED: 11/02/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	<u> </u>
•	10/820,168	MATHIS ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Linh V Nguyen	2819	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	
Period for Reply	/IC CET TO EVOIDE AMONTH	(O) EDOM	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. (D) (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04/07	7/2004.		
	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	-		
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5-11</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) <u>4</u> is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 April 2004</u> is/are: a)	□ accepted or b) □ objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	∋ 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		•	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	·		
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ed in this National Stage	
application from the International Bureau			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	or the centiled copies not receive	· d .	
Attachment(s)		•	
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary		
2)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate atent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	aton Application (F 10-132)	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to application No. 10/820,168 filed on 04/07/2004. Claims 1 – 11are pending on this application.

Specification

2. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- . (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kober et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,380,879.

Regarding claim 1, Fig. 8 of Kober et al. discloses high-speed signal processor which acquisition system and a high-speed analog-to-digital functions as a waveform converter (Col. 2 lines 1 - 17), said processor (Fig. 8) comprising: a filter system (44, Col. 4 lines 66 - 67) for dividing an input signal (40) into a series of adjacent frequency

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bands (48a, 48b, 48c, 48d. See Col. 5 lines 1 – 6); a digitizer (74) for digitizing each frequency band output from said filter system (See Col. 7 lines 35 – 37); and a system (60) for reconstructing the original input signal (Col. 5 lines 55 - 59).

Regarding claim 2, Fig. 12 of Kober et al. further comprising a frequency down converter (172) for down converting one or more of the adjacent frequency bands as they are output from said filter system (Col. 10 lines 5 - 15).

Regarding claim 3, wherein said filter system comprises an M-band filter bank (Fig. 1 [44a44n]).

Regarding claim 6, wherein the M- band filters in M-band filter bank are implemented electronically (Col. 2 lines 55 - 67).

Regarding claim 7, wherein the M- band filters of filter bank are implemented using software (Col. 2 lines 55 - 67).

Regarding claim 8, wherein each channel output is equalized, to thereby shape the transfer function of the channel into that of an M-band filter (Fig. 3 disclosing each channel output [48a ... 48n] is equalized in bandwidth and the output shape transfer function for each output channel is implemented by band filters Fig. 1 [44a – 44n]).

Regarding claim 11, Fig. 8 of Kober et al. disclose a method for processing signals, comprising: dividing an input signal (40) into a series of adjacent frequency bands (48a, 48b, 48c, 48d. See Col. 5 lines 1 - 6); digitizing (70) each frequency band (See Col. 7 lines 35 - 37); and reconstructing the original input signal (Col. 5 lines 55 - 59).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 5 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kober et al. as applied to claim 3 above, and further in view of Konig U.S. Reg. Number H1059.

Fig. 8 of Köber et al. as applied to claim 3 above disclosed a M-band filters bank (44) for channelizing. However, Kober et al. fails to disclose wherein the M-band filters bank are implemented optically using fiber optics.

Fig. 2 of Konig discloses the M-band filters bank ($10_1 \dots 10_n$) for channelizing (Col. 2 lines 2 – 3) are implemented optically using fiber optics.

Kober et al. and Konig are common subject matter for filter bank. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the bank filter of Kober et al. by using fiber optics taught by Konig's filter, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a know material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. See In re Leshin, 227 F.2d 197, 125 USPQ 416 (CCPA 1960) (selection of a known plastic to make a container of a type made of plastics prior to the invention was held to be obvious)

7. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kober et al. as applied to claim 8 above, and further in view of Bayya et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,963,889.

Kober et al. as applied to claim 8 above, disclosed wherein each channel output is equalized (Fig. 3 disclosing each channel output [48a ... 48n] is equalized in bandwidth). However, Kober et al. fails to disclose wherein the channel equalization is implemented with Weiner filter technology.

Bayya et al. disclose channel equalization is implemented with Weiner filter technology (Col. 2 lines 8 – 10).

Kober et al. and Bayya et al. are common subject matter for channel equalizer. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the Weiner filter for channel equalizer taught by Bayya et al. into channel equalizer of Kober et al.'s filter for the purpose of providing noise suppression by compensate for non-uniform frequency response in voice channel (Bayya et al., Col. 2 lines 8 – 12).

9. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kober et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Comino et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,075,820.

Fig. 8 of Kober et al. as applied to claim 1 above disclosed processing system having a filter system (44, Col. 4 lines 66 - 67) for dividing an input signal (40) into a series of adjacent frequency bands (48a, 48b, 48c, 48d. See Col. 5 lines 1 – 6); a

digitizer (74) for digitizing each frequency band output from said filter system (See Col. 7 lines 35 – 37); and a system (60) for reconstructing the original input signal (Col. 5 lines 55 - 59). However, Kober et al. fails to disclose a calibration signal is continuously injected into said processor to serve as a reference for quantifying and removing hardware errors.

Fig. 5 of Comino et al. disclose a calibration signal (CALIBRATION SIGNAL) is continuously injected into said processor (200) to serve as a reference for quantifying and removing hardware errors (Col. 2 line 62 - Col. 3 line – 5 disclosing a calibration signal is generated a ratio of the output power levels, this ratio is then used to correct for mismatch error between first and second channels).

Kober et al. and Comino et al. are common subject matter for channelizing the input frequency. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporated the calibration signal taught by Comino et al. into Kober et al. for the purpose of correcting mismatch error between each channel (Comino et al., Col. 3 lines 1-5).

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claim 4 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art does not teach the M-band filters in said M-band filter bank enable perfect reconstruction, meaning that the sum of the cascaded

responses of the M-band analysis filters followed by the synthesis filters produces an overall flat amplitude response and group delay.

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Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance.

Cited References

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited references are relating to filter bank with digitizing.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Linh Van Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1810. The examiner can normally be reached from 8:30 - 5:00 Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Michael Tokar can be reached at (571) 272-1812. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703-872-9306) for regular communications and (703-872-9306) for After Final communications.

10/13/2004

Linh Van Nguyen

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